

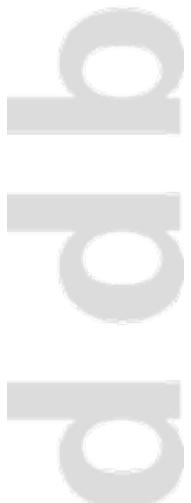
**International Conference on
Preservation of Digital Objects
15 - 16 September 2005 in
Göttingen, Germany**

**Information Life Cycle Management and
Long Term Preservation - Technical
Aspects Of Workflow Organisation**



Agenda

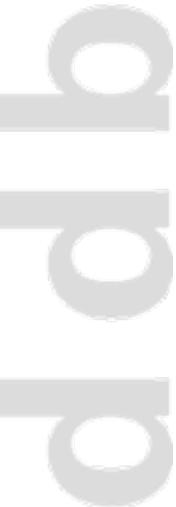
- Brief overview: Die Deutsche Bibliothek and its activities in long-term preservation
- The kopal initiative – our technical approach for LTP
- Present workflow organisation in DDB
- What the others do: Information Lifecycle Management as a strategic approach
- Principles for workflow organisation, technical consequences and first results





Our task: Collecting and archiving

- Publications issued in Germany since 1913
- German-language publications issued abroad since 1913
- Digital "hand-hold" publications (CD-ROM, DVD, Floppy) are covered by the current law and deposited within DDB
- Online publications are not covered by the current law. In cooperation with other institutions DDB has prepared a new legal deposit law in Germany





Activities in DDB – our way to LTP...

- **DissOnline**

- in close cooperation with universities and university libraries

- **E-journals**

- in close cooperation with publishers

- **Digitization activities**

- **Transfer of Amiga-, Atari-, Commodore applications** into a modern storage technology

- **URN-Service**

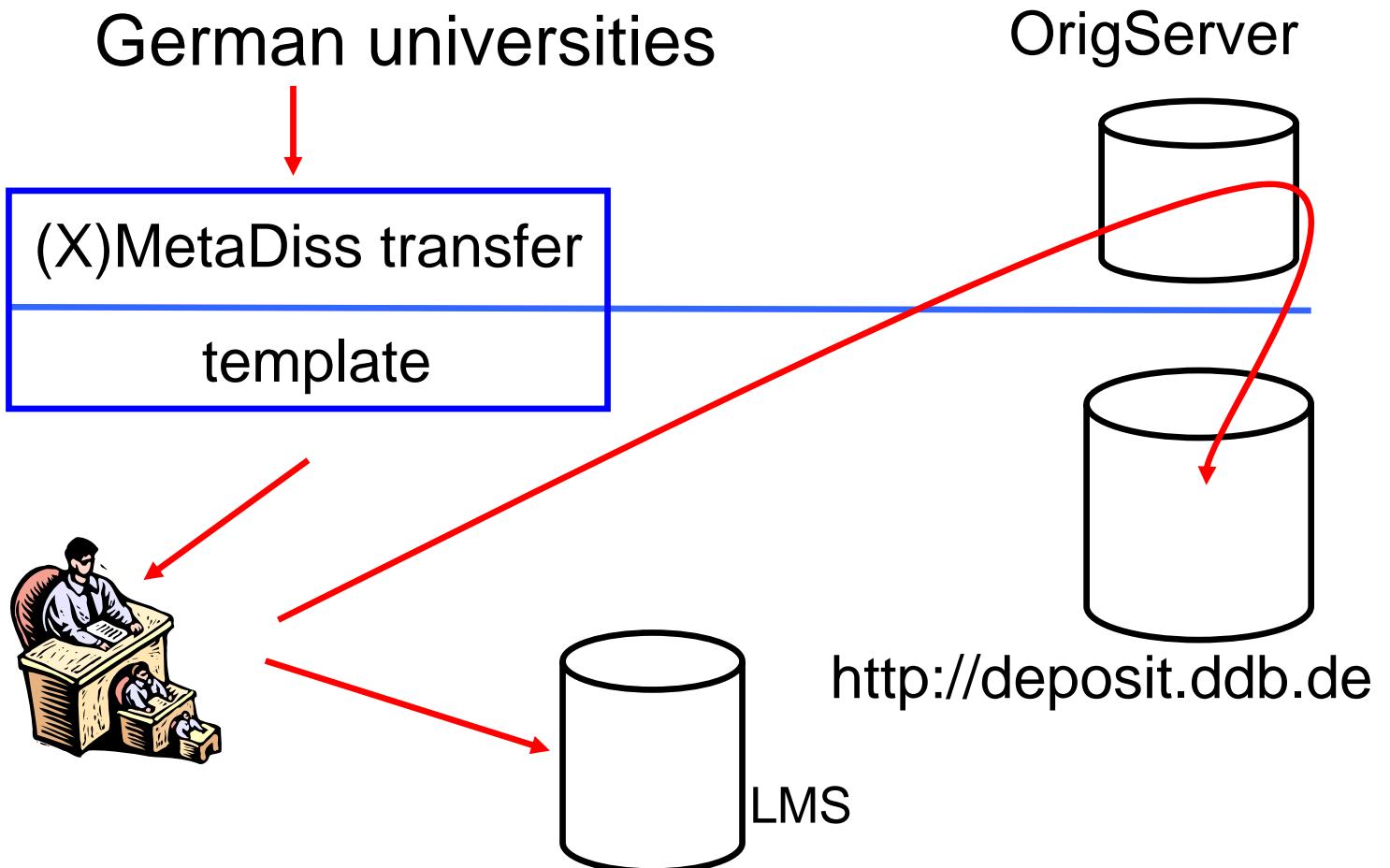
- **Exchange-models** for metadata and objects



Electronic archives at Die Deutsche Bibliothek

- 37.000 Online-Dissertations
- 454 e-journals and 1.400 monographs from Springer (Heidelberg, Berlin)
(<http://link.springer.de>)
- 60 newsletters
- 2.600 electronic publications from approx. 190 commercial and non-commercial publishers
- Web-Sites
- → workflows, modules, procedures

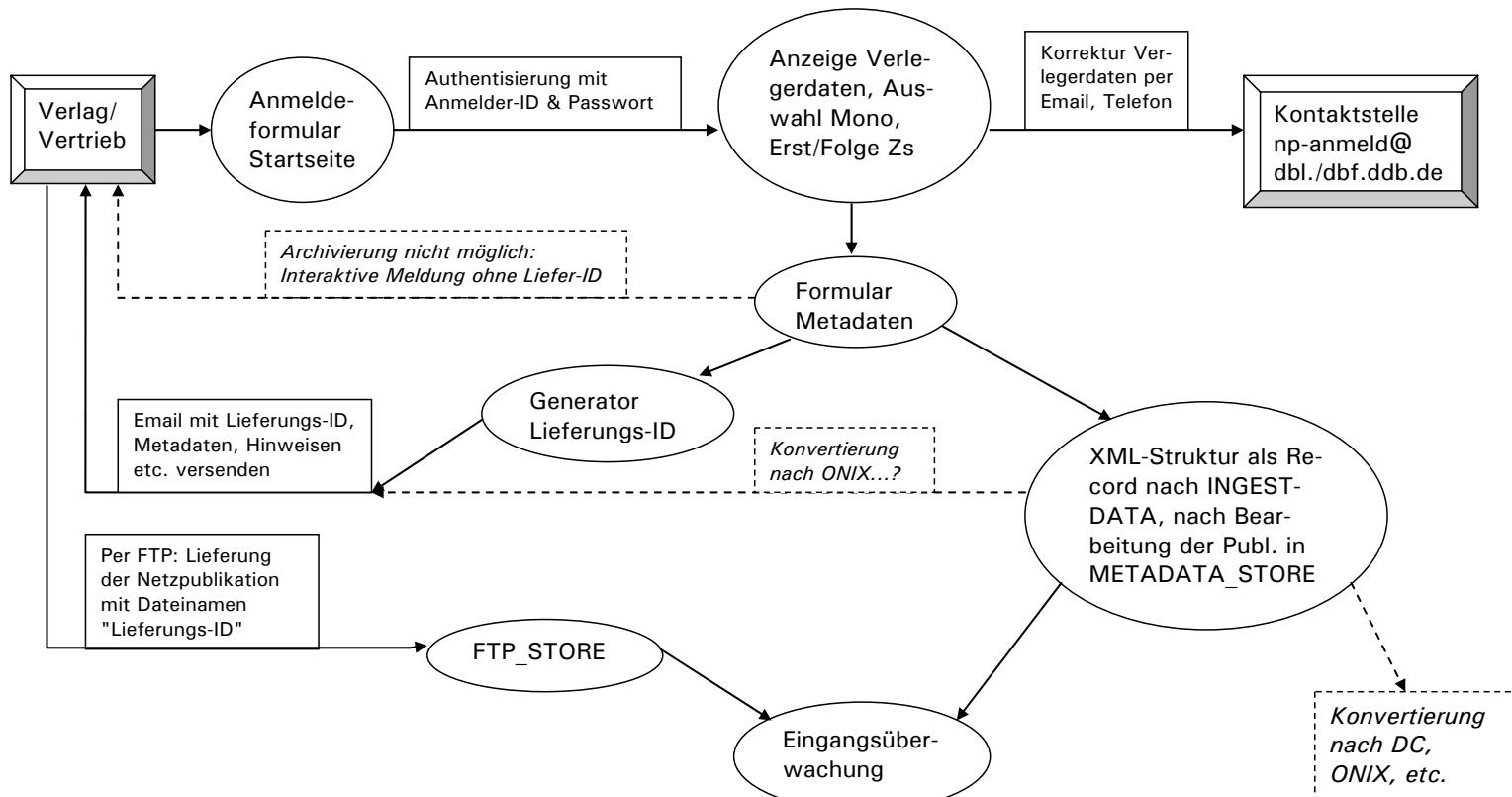
Online theses: DissOnline





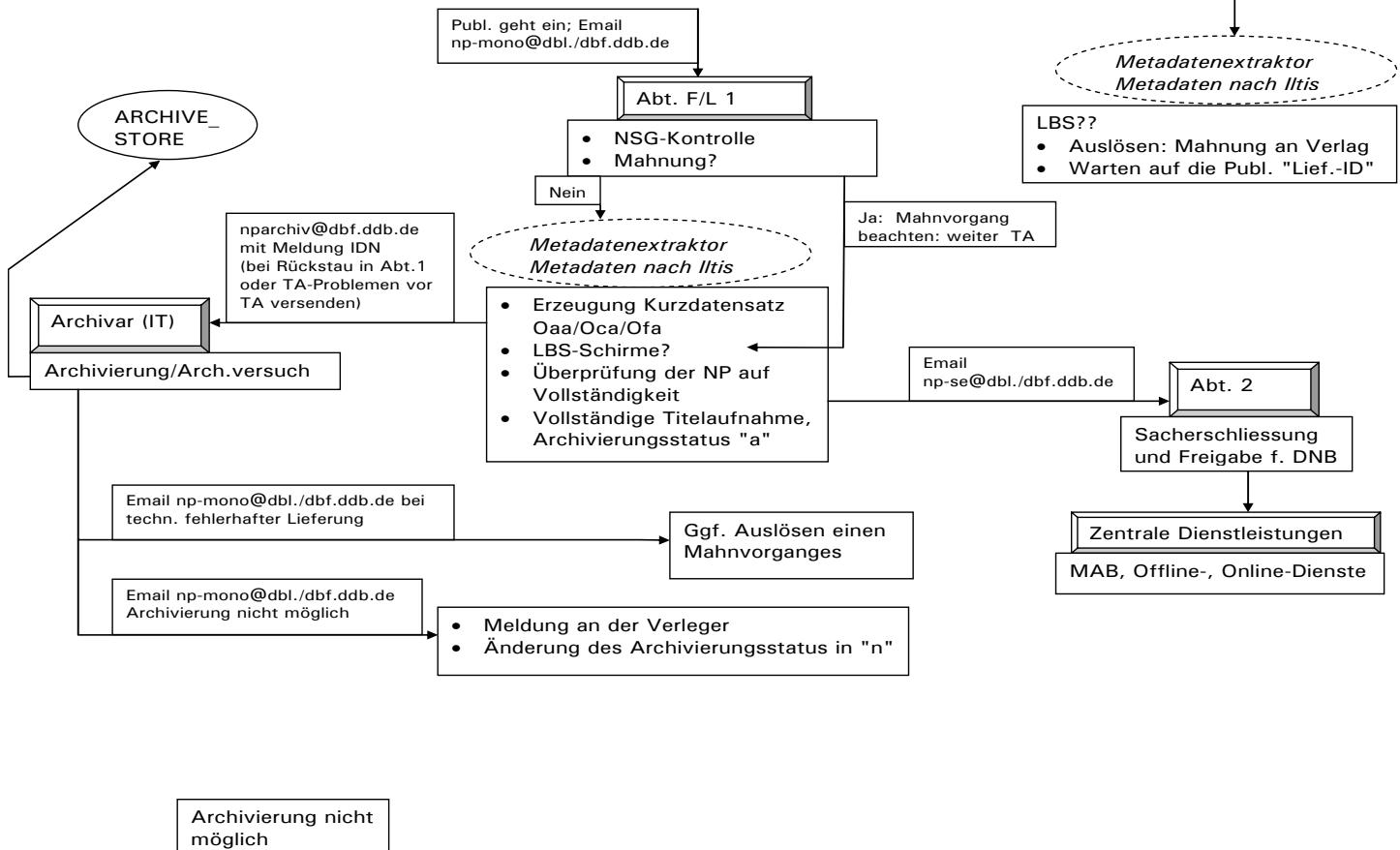
Workflow-organisation I

Workflow: registration of a "Online-Monograph" respectively initial registration or follow-up registration of a "Online journal"

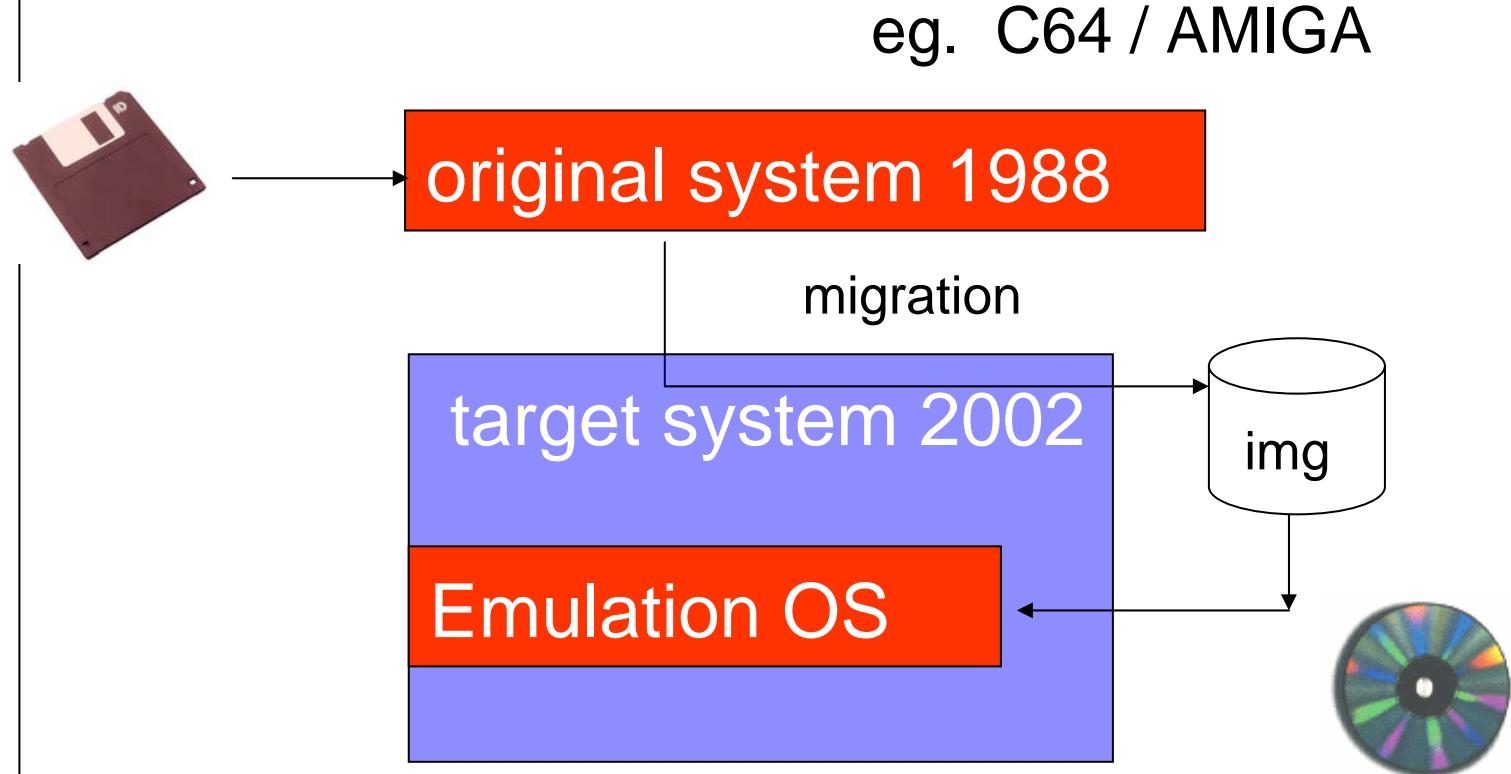


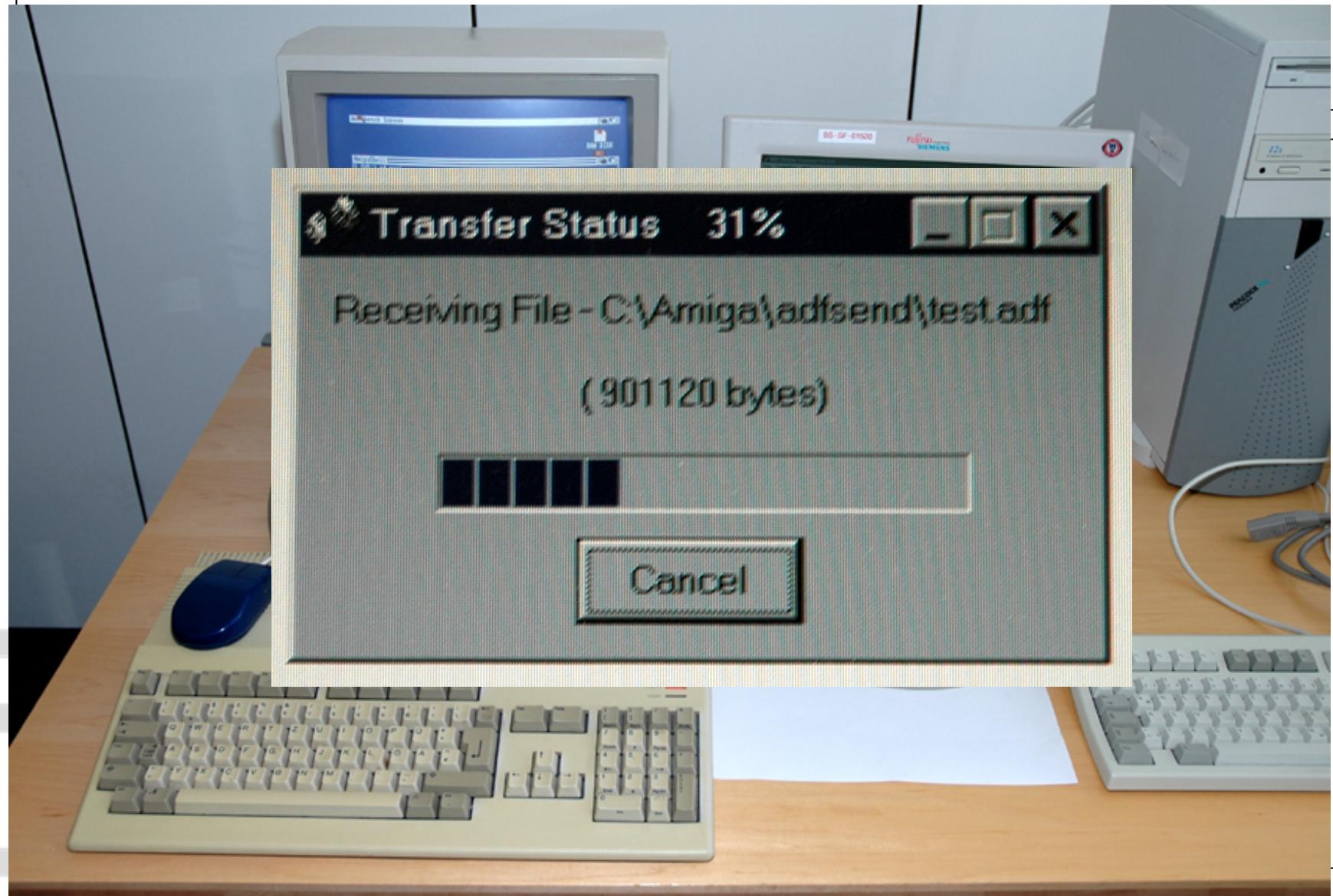
Workflow-organisation II

Workflow: Entry control of a "Online-Monograph up to storage and clearing



Transfer of data from an old platform









Persistent access via Uniform Resource Name (URN)

 Titel: Nitric oxide in the olfactory epithelium [Elektronische Ressource] / von Oliver Schmachtenberg
Verfasser: [Schnachtenberg, Oliver](#)
Erscheinungsjahr: 2001
Hochschulschrift: Hannover, Univ., Diss., 2001
Persistent Identifier: [urn:nbn:de:gbv:089-3321752945](#)
URL: [Archivserver Der Deutschen Bibliothek](#)
Sachgruppe: 33 Medizin ; 32 Biologie



Nitric Oxide in the Olfactory Epithelium



Von dem Fachbereich Biologie der Universität Hannover

<http://nbn-resolving.de/urn/resolver.pl?urn=urn:nbn:de:gbv:089-3321752945>

zur Erlangung des Grades eines
Doktors der Naturwissenschaften

Dr. rer. nat.



<http://edok01.tib.uni-hannover.de/edoks/e01dh01/332175294.p>

genehmigte Dissertation

GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung

- funded by the Federal Ministry for Education and Research
- Financial volume: 4,2 Mio € + self-financed activities of all partners, duration: 1.7.2004 – 30.6.2007
- Task: Development of a standardized long-term preservation solution to facilitate long-term preservation for other libraries / industries
- Solution as a facilitator for co-operation between libraries

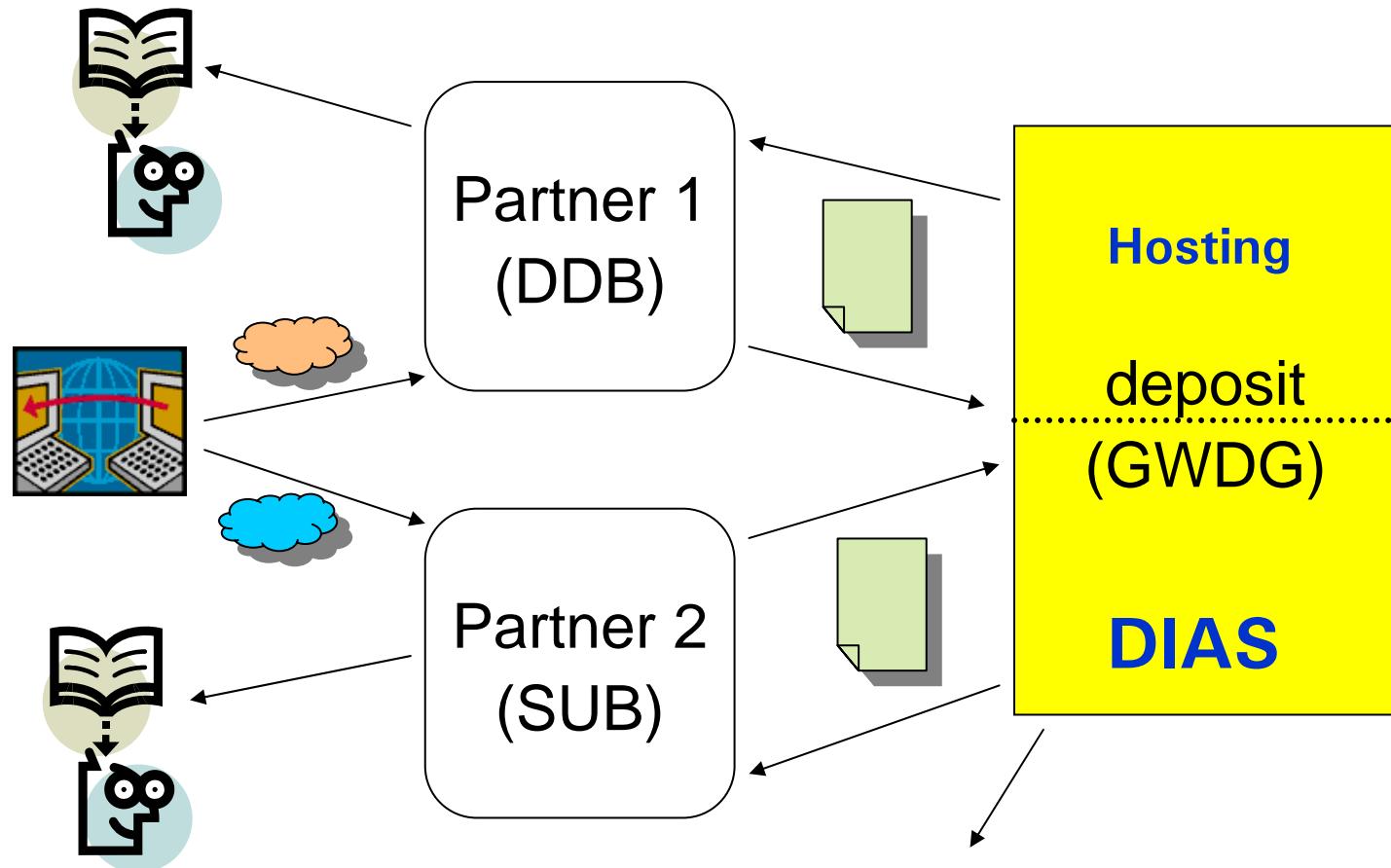


- Die Deutsche Bibliothek (leader)
- Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Göttingen
- Industrial Business Machines (IBM) Germany
- Gesellschaft für wissenschaftliche Datenverarbeitung Göttingen (GWDG)

Working relationship:

Royal Dutch Library, The Netherlands

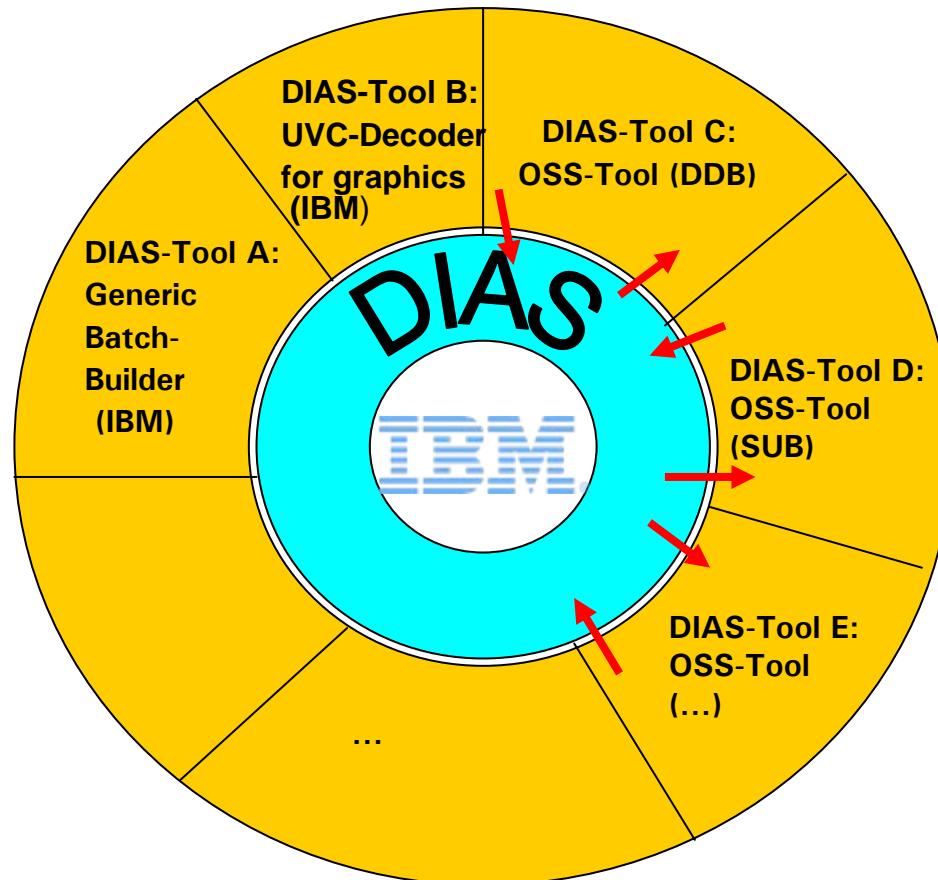
kopal: structure & concept



kopal: Concept

- Basis: DIAS (Digital Information and Archiving System) of the Royal Dutch Library
 - Developed by IBM → reliable (hopefully)
 - Implementation of the OAIS standard
 - Further development of a suitable long-term preservation component (emulation, migration)
- Enhancement for cooperative usage
- Development of a universal object scheme
- Hosting outside the library (remote access)
- Extension of DIAS-Core with peripheral open-source based software tools to broaden its usability

Software development & sharing

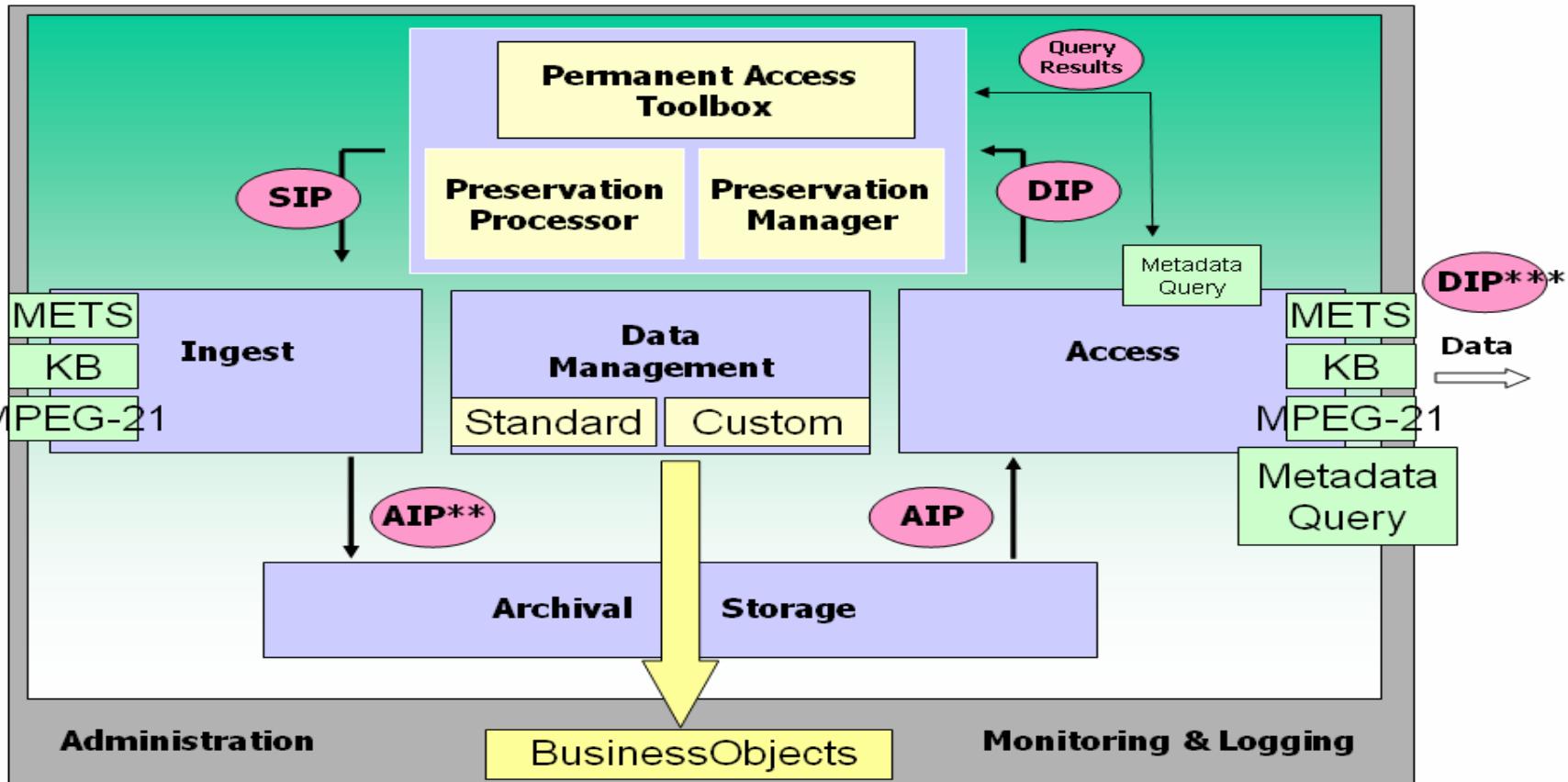


Condition:
Well defined interfaces (SIP + DIP)
Enhanced DIAS

Integration of the universal object format into DIAS

Source:IBM

kopal 
Daten für die Zukunft



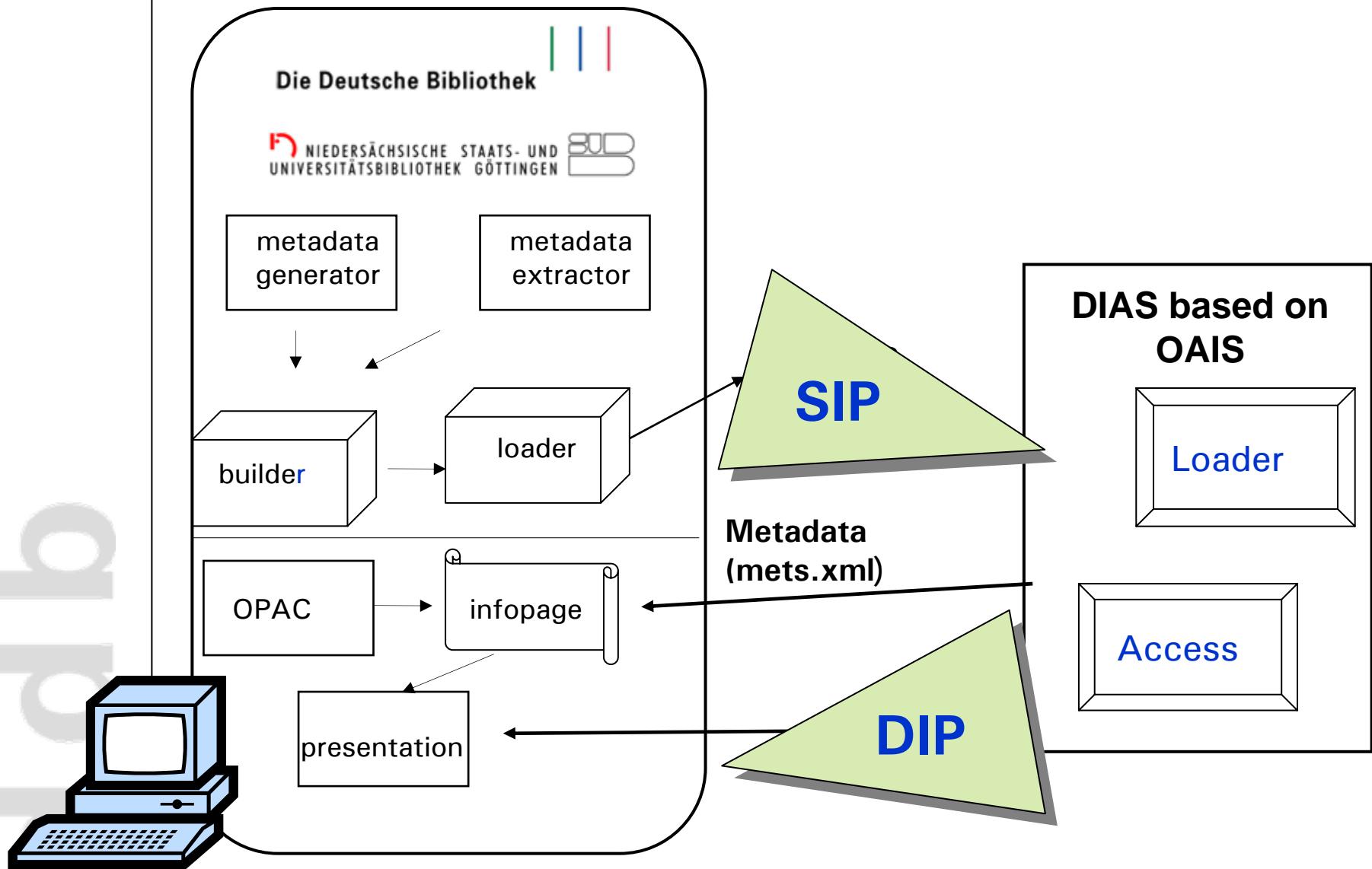
*= SIP: Submission Information Package

**= AIP: Archival Information Package

***= DIP: Dissemination Information Package

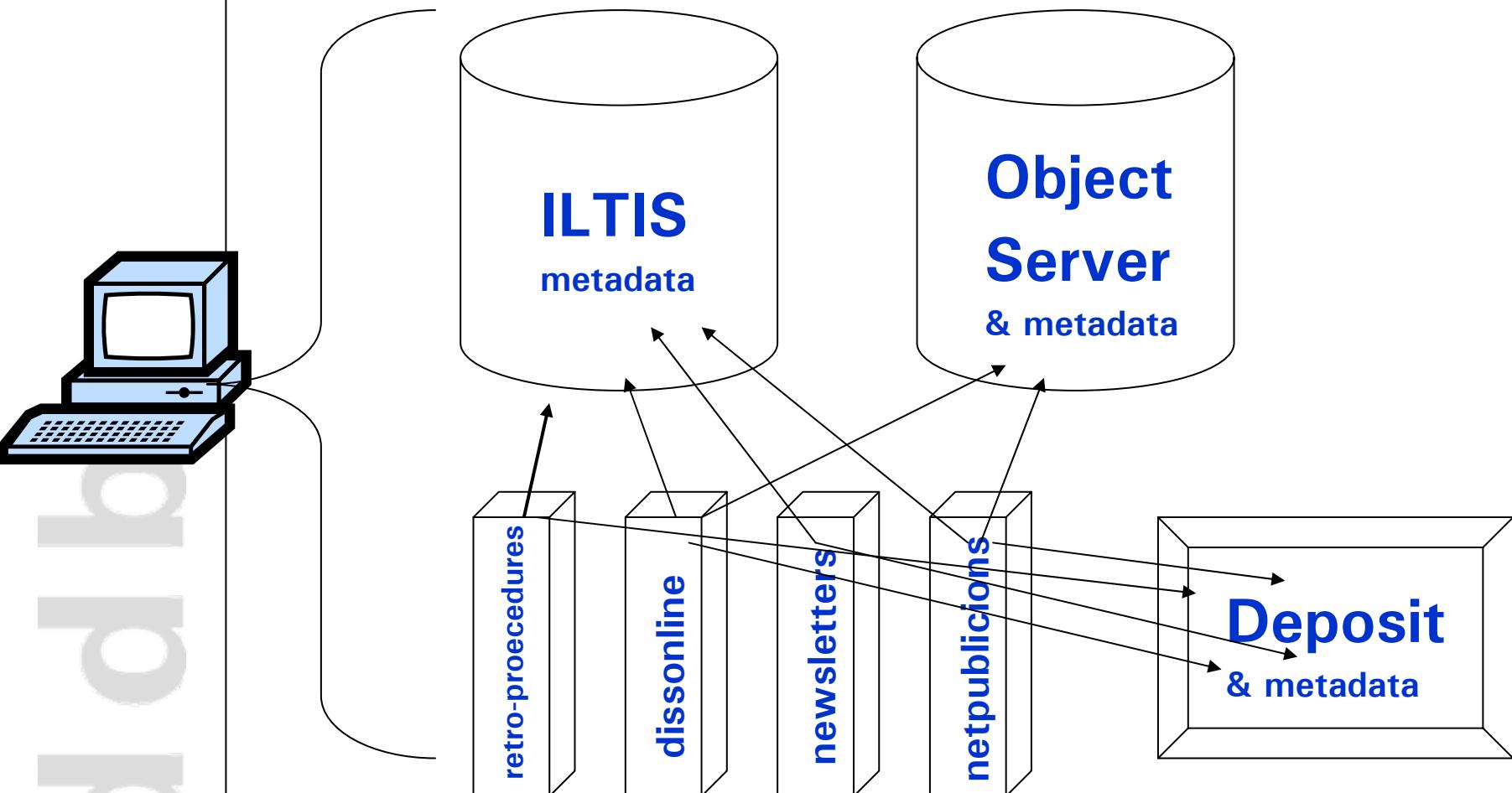


kopal – DIAS *and* DDB/SUB-tools



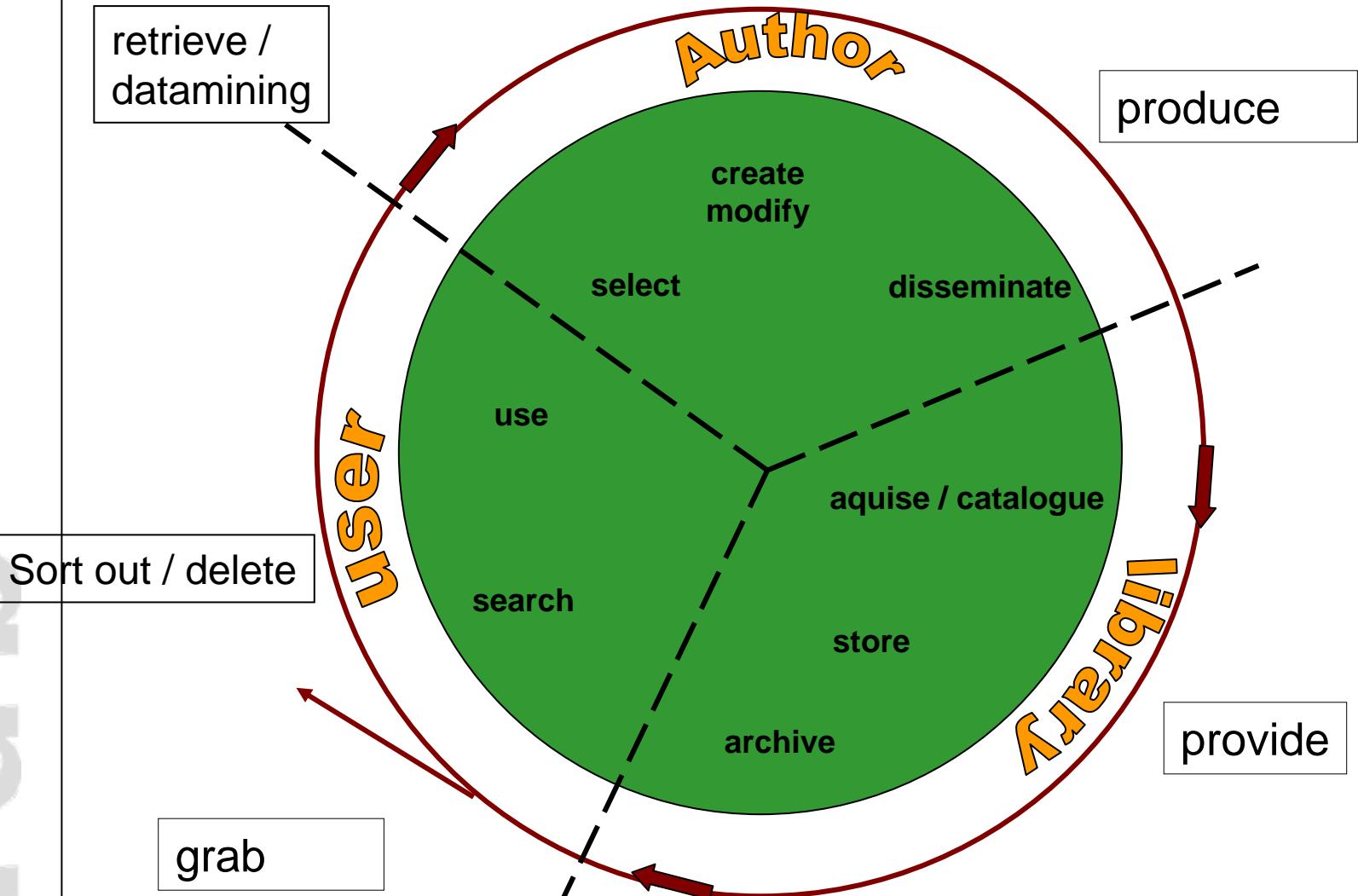


Integration - Coordination



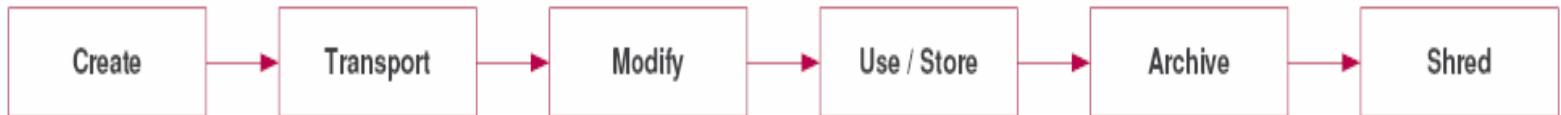


Information Cycle





Information/Data Life Cycle



- **Create:** production of data (6 Exabytes worldwide p.a.).
- **Transport:** volume is 18 Exabytes worldwide p.a.
- **Modify:** Ca. 10 % of the data gets changes.
- **Use / Store:** 30 days after storing the data only 20% are in use.
- **Archive:** the archiving depends on the regulations/rules of an enterprise.
- **Shred:** planned and organised destruction of data

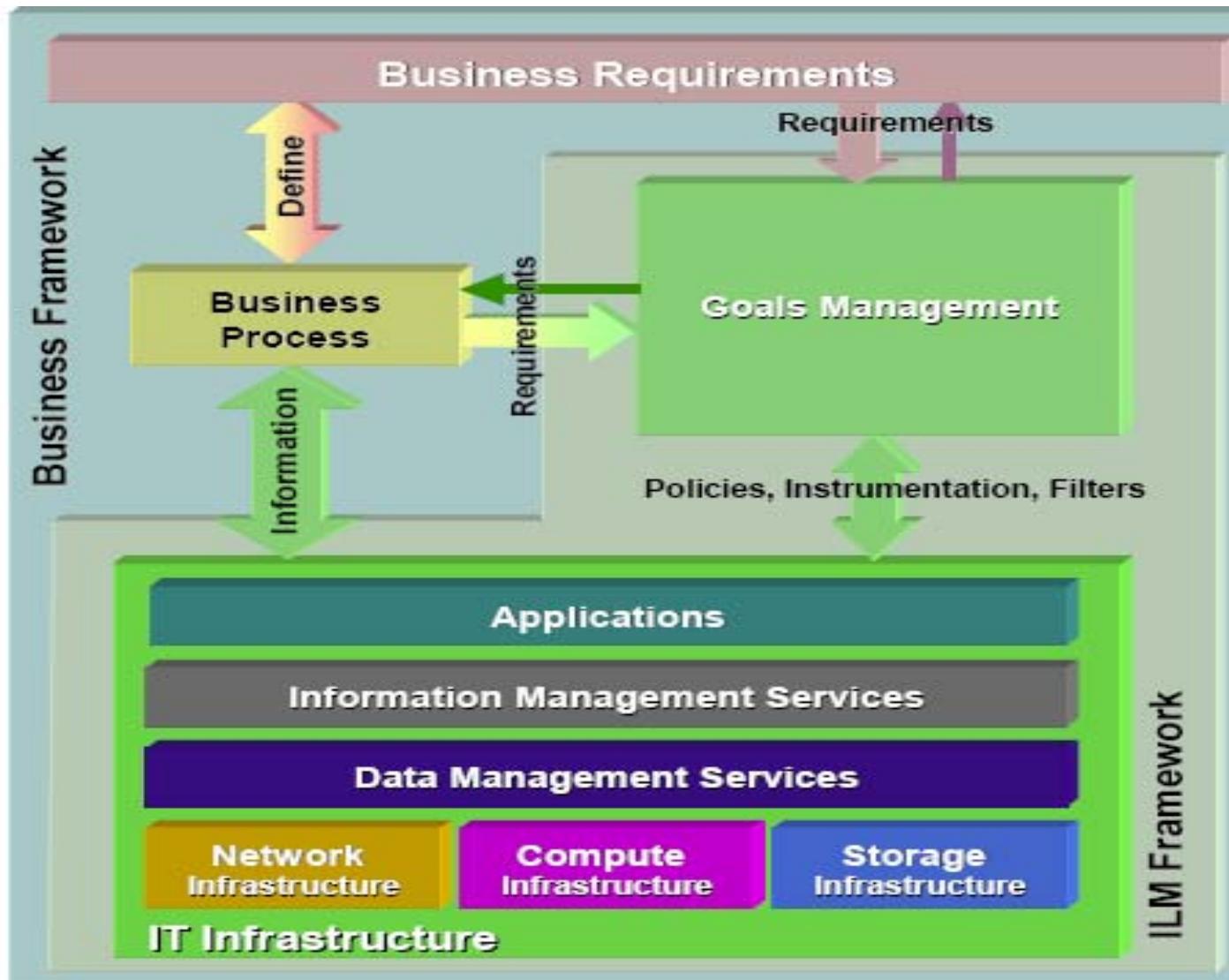
Information Lifecycle Management

Information Lifecycle Management is comprised of the policies, processes, practices, and tools used to align the business value of information with the most appropriate and cost effective IT infrastructure from the time information is conceived through its final disposition. Information is aligned with business requirements through management policies and service levels associated with applications, metadata, and data.

Storage Networking Industry Association

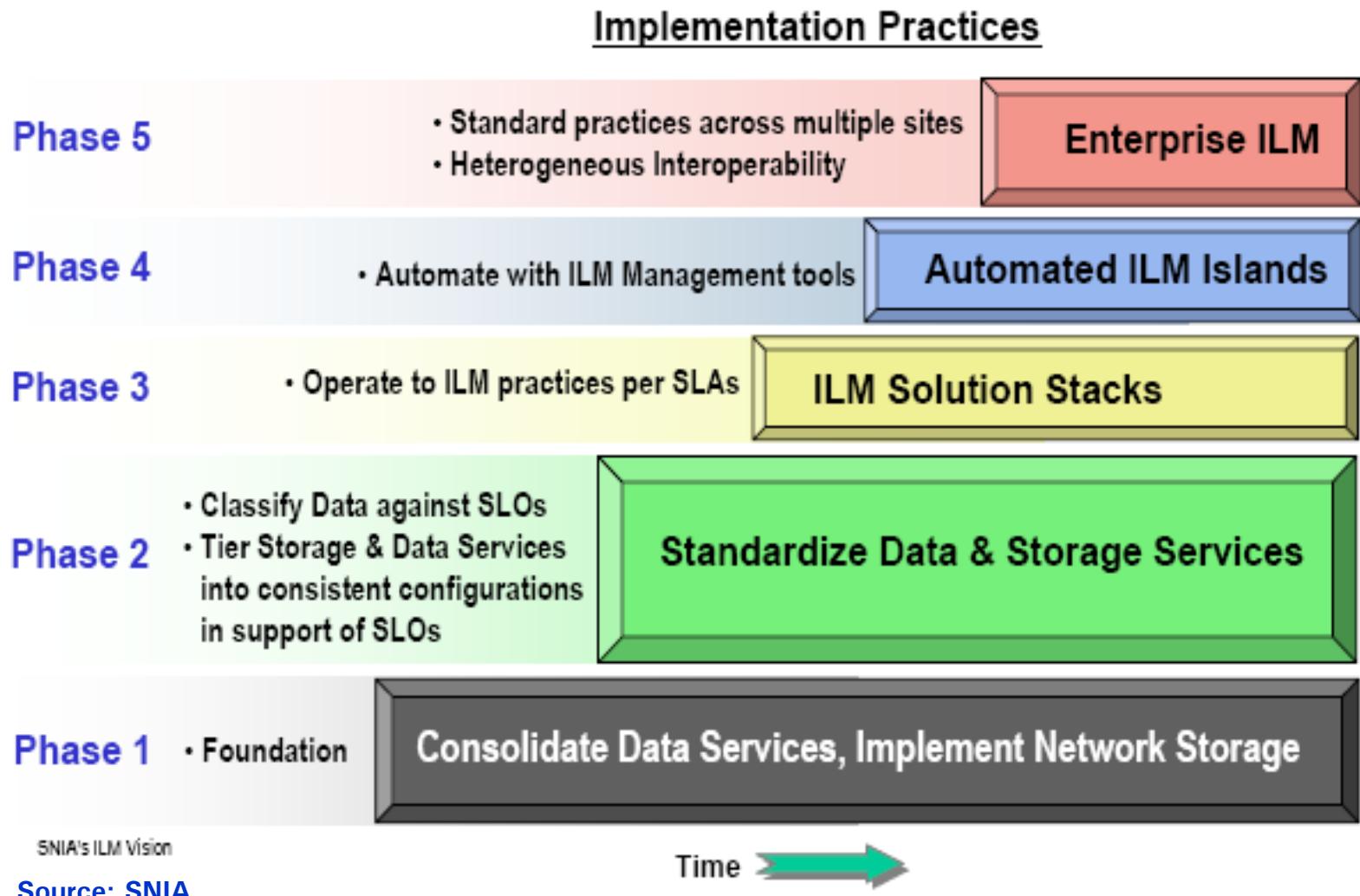


ILM





ILM Roadmap





Characteristics ILM

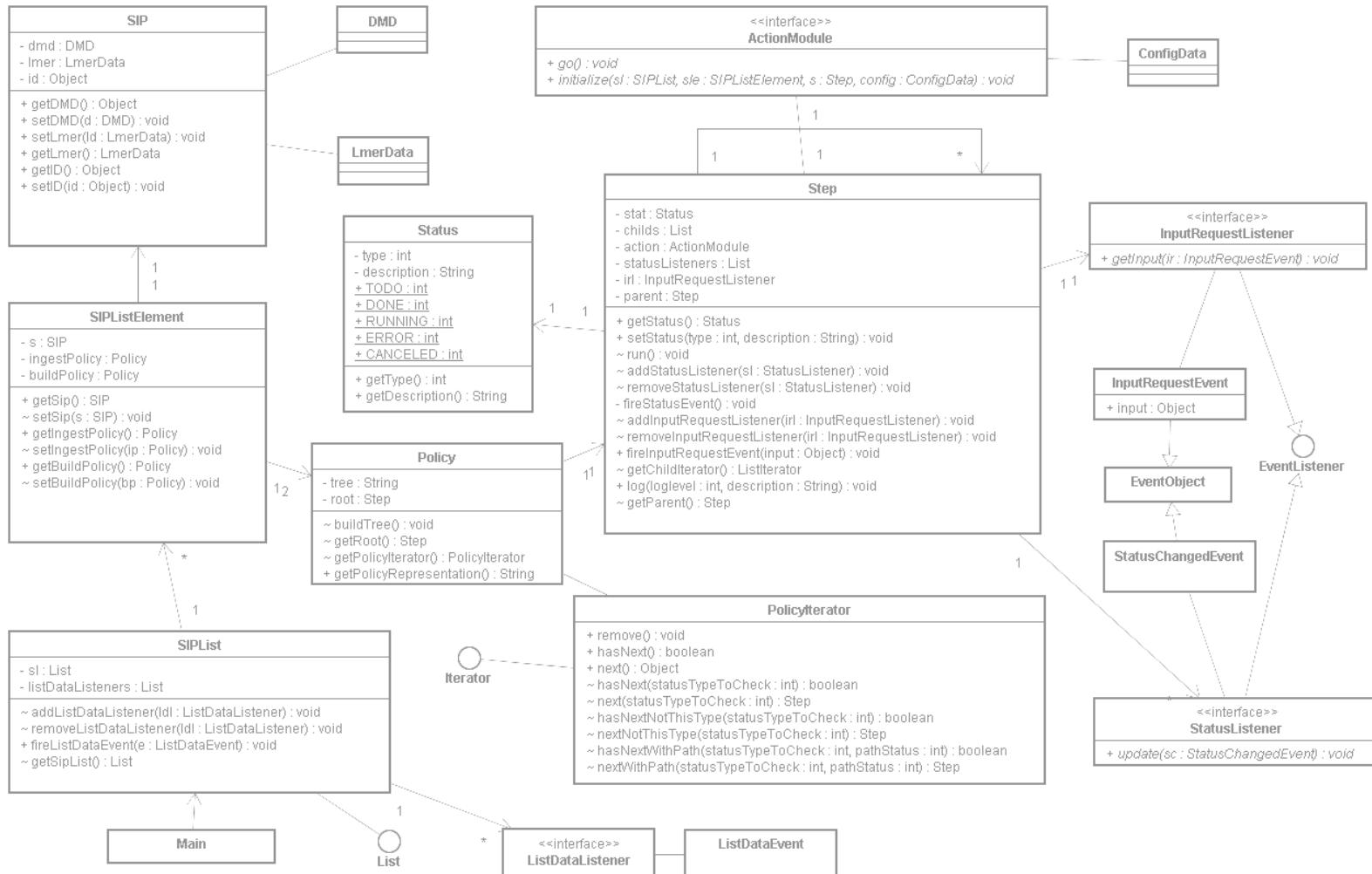
- Comprehensive, sustainable strategy
- Storage strategy including history
- Refers to single objects, not to classes or pathes
- Information value measurement per single object Clear & well defined processes
- High automation process
- Uniform storage areas in central administration
- Avoids media breaks
- Documentation / quality management



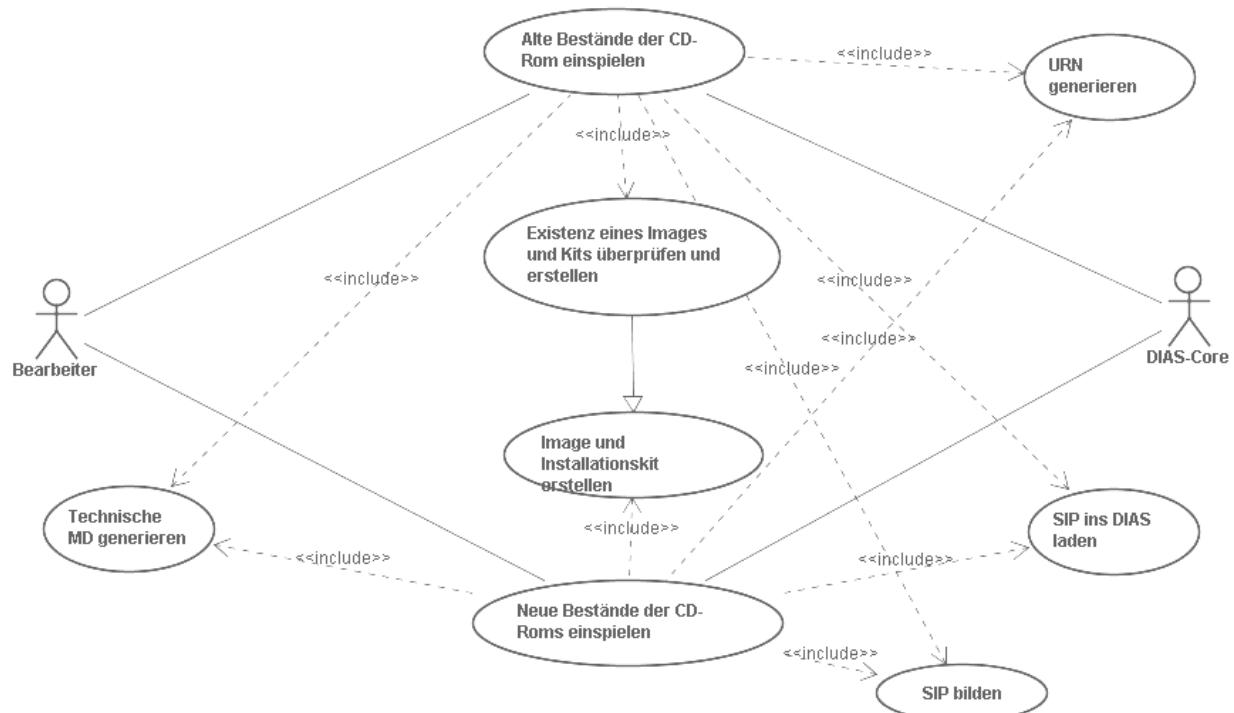
Consequences for DDB

- Complete life cycle for information objects
- Special metadata set
- Metadata per one single object
- Migration history & documentation
- Generic archive infrastructure
- Multi-client model
- Specific operation model
- Export / import possibility
- Technical methods for the legal transformation of objects
- Uniform, homogeneous workflow for heterogeneous objects

Structure of classes for kopal



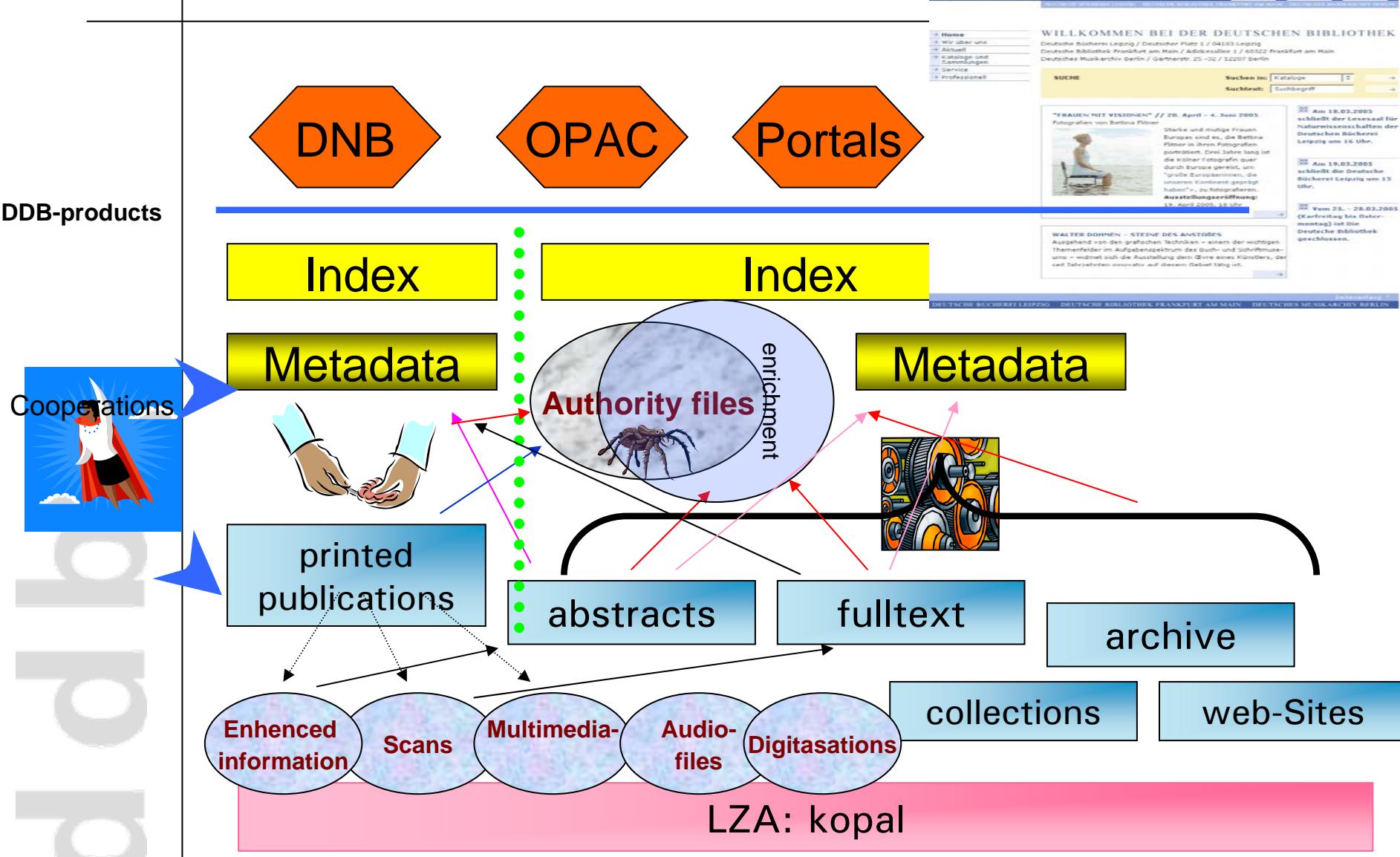
Object classes in SW-classes



1998 - 2000



What's our aim ?





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