



Radiolarite Investigations I

Macroscopical properties

Austria

Feuerstein







Grubalacke





Raw material range: Feuerstein Photo: G. Trnka

Vorarlberg, Allgäuer Alps, Kleinwalsertal, Gemsteltal.

Ruhpolding Layers.

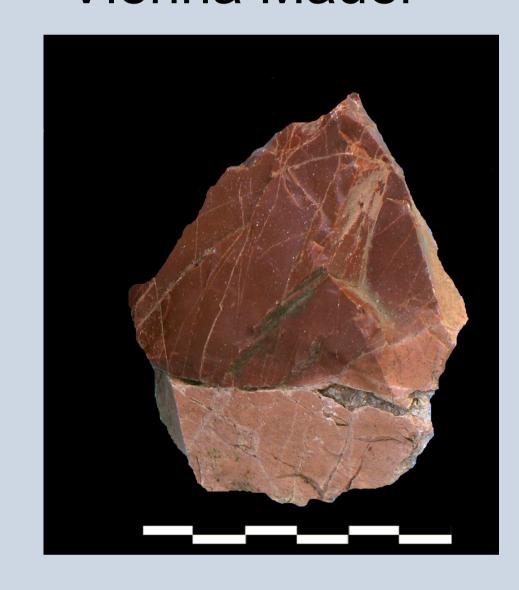
Under - Middle Jurassic Beckenfacies. Auburn – reddish brown – moss green. Very fine grained.

Very homogenous, partly heavily cleft, shiny gloss on fractured surface, often various colour varieties in one piece.

Tyrol, Rofan Mountains. Ruhpolding Layers. Under - Middle Jurassic Beckenfazies. Brick-red. Very fine grained. Characteristic colour, very homogenous, dull on the fractured surface.

Stone tool provenance studies are a challenging undertaking. A multi layer approach promises to lead to best results. The radiolaritetrilogy illustrates three steps of analytical approaches. When combined they afford the characterization of the raw material known as "radiolarite". Selected samples from the VLI (Vienna Lithothek) have been analysed and the results are basis for further discussion.

Vienna Mauer





Vienna, 23rd District.

St. Veit Klippen Belt (part of the Sulzer Klippen Belt, Flyschzone).

Upper Jurassic (Thiton) – Lower Crateaceous (Neokom).

Red – auburn; greenish – yellowish, grey – brown. Fine grained.

Highly variable in colour, often heavily cleft.

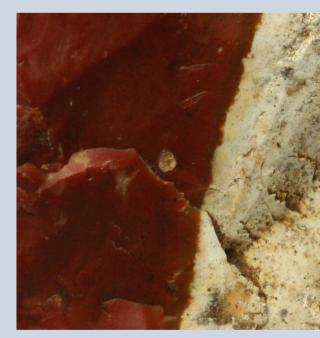


Raw material range: Vienna Mauer Photo: G. Trnka

Hungary

Szentgál - Tüzköveshegy









Middle Jurassic, Dogger, Bathonian - Callovian.

surface.

Bakony Mountains.

Shiny red, white spots and entire rock parts, typically near the cortex. Very fine grained.

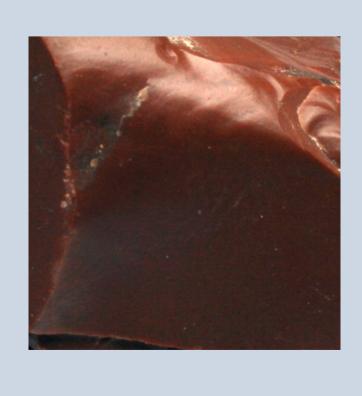
Veszprém County, Central Transdanubia.

Characteristic colour range, very homogenous, often contains visible traces of Mg.

Slovakia

Vlara Bolešov





Bolešov – Tri kopce, okr. Ilava, kraj Trenčín, White Carpathians. Czorsztyn unit, Klippen Belt. Middle – upper Jurassic, Dogger – Malm, Callovian – Kimmeridgian. Red – auburn, greenish – grey, yellowish. Very fine grained. Very homogenous, glossy on the fractured

Raw material range:



description of their macroscopical properties forms the first step in the multi layer approach to analysis of these sources in an archaeological context. Colour, knapping features and texture are basic patterns to be investigated.

Characteristic macroscopical

classification of prehistorically

Especially radiolarites show a

wide range of variation. The

knowledge and standardized

features allow a first rough

used lithic raw materials.

Vlara Bolešov Photo: G. Trnka